# Threads and Multithread Model

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- Overview and Motivation
- 2 Multithread Architecture
- 3 Parallelism and Multicore Programming
- Thread Model
- **5** Thread Libraries and APIs

### Overview and Motivation

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### Process

Recall our discussion that multiple processes run concurrently ...

- ▶  $P_1$  on CPU, context switch,  $P_2$  on CPU, context switch,  $P_3$  on CPU
- The OS save the context of the current process, and load the context of the next process ...
- The OS maintains Process Control Blocks (PCB) for the processes where a process consists of,
  - an execution context, and
  - an address space (program text, data, stack, and heap).

What are the implications from the user's perspective?

Observing example programs using fork and clone.

### Process and Threads

How about we let a process have

- multiple execution contexts, and
- an address space (program text, data, stack, and heap)?

What are the implications from the user's perspective?

Observing example programs using clone.

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## Benefits of Threads

Can ease resource sharing (a single address space)

Example. Consider writing an application that has multiple *cooperating* processes vs. multiple *cooperating* threads

Can be made more economic (less overhead)

Example. Consider the *cost of creating* multiple processes vs. multiple threads

- Can be more scalable (to multicore architecture)
  Example. Consider creating a parallel program.
- Can improve responsiveness

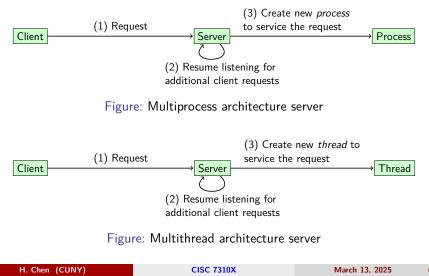
Example. Consider a GUI program.

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# Multithread vs Multiprocess Architecture

A programming model (thread-per-request or process-per-request).



### **Discussion** Question

- 1. What benefits can we obtain from multithread architecture, but not from multiprocess architecture?
- 2. What benefits can we obtain from multiprocess architecture, but not from multithread architecture?

Let's analyze a few examples ...

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# Concurrency and Parallelism

Discuss,

- What concurrency is?
- What parallelism is?

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### Data and Task Parallelism

- Data parallelism. Distributes subsets of the same data across multiple cores, same operation on each
- Task parallelism. Distributing threads across cores, each thread performing unique operation

### Amdahl's Law

speedup 
$$= rac{1}{S + rac{1-S}{N}}$$

where S is serial portion and N processing cores

It identifies performance gains from adding additional cores to an application that has both serial and parallel components

#### Let's examine a few examples ...

- Estimate the speed-up factor
- Estimate the serial portion or the parallel portion

(1)

# Multicore Programming

Multicore or multiprocessor systems putting pressure on programmers, challenges include:

- Dividing activities
- Balance
- Data splitting
- Data dependency
- Testing and debugging

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## Kernel and User Threads

- Kernel threads
  - Management done by the kernel
  - TCBs in the kernel
  - User threads can be blocked by the process, less concurrency, in particular, on multiprocessor/multicore systems
- User threads.
  - Management done by user-level threads library.
  - Thread Control Blocks (TCBs) in user process
  - Kernel threads are more expensive to create, and can support multiple processors

But how much more?

### Multithreading Models

- One-to-One (1 user thread / 1 kernel thread)
  - Most OSes, such as Linux and Windows
- Many-to-One (N user threads / 1 kernel thread)
  - ► User level threads library, such as Green Threads in early Java.
- Many-to-Many (M user threads / N kernel threads)
  - Early versions of Sun Solaris Operating System
  - Java Virtual Threads (JDK 21)
  - Goroutines

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# Thread Libraries and APIs

- Explicit vs. implicit threads
- Kernel vs. user threads
- Thread library and API examples
  - (UNIX) POSIX threads (Pthread)
  - Windows threads
  - Java threads
- Implicit threads examples
  - Android thread pools
  - Windows thread pools
  - Java thread pools (Executors)
  - Fork-Join
    - Java fork-join API (ForkJoinPool)
  - OpenMP
  - Grand Central Dispatch (OS X)
  - Intel thread building blocks