### Relational Database Modifications in SQL

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February 20, 2025

- Introduction to SQL
- 2 Inserting Tuples
- 3 Deleting Tuples in Relations
- 4 Updating Tuples in Relations
- 6 Assignment

#### Overview



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### Introduction to SQL

SQL (pronounced as "sequel") is the principal language used to describe and manipulate relational database, and has several aspects:

- Data definition language (DDL).
  - ▶ SQL includes commands to create database objects such as tables, indexes, and views, as well as commands to define access rights to those database objects.
  - ► Topics of this lecture: SQL commands to create database tables (relations)
- Data manipulation language (DML).
  - SQL includes commands to insert, update, delete, and retrieve data within the database tables.
- Transaction control language (TCL).
  - ► The DML commands in SQL are executed within the context of a transaction.
- Data control language (DCL).
  - Data control commands are used to control access to data objects.

#### To Discuss Subset of DML

- Insert tuples into a relation.
- Delete certain tuples from a relation.
- Update values of certain components of certain existing tuples.

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### Adding Tuples to Relations

To add or insert tuples to relations, use INSERT INTO R( $r_1$ ,  $r_2$ , ...,  $R_n$ ) VALUES( $v_1$ ,  $v_2$ , ...,  $v_n$ )

## Adding Tuples to Relations: Example 1

```
INSERT INTO Students
  (name, phone, address, birthdate, gender)
VALUES(
  'John_Doe',
  '1112223333',
  '1_BC_Street,_Brooklyn,_NY',
  '2001-03-08',
  'M');
```

## Adding Tuples to Relations: Example 2

```
INSERT INTO Students
VALUES(
   'Jane_Doe',
   '1112223333',
   '1_BC_Street,_Brooklyn,_NY',
   '2001-03-08',
   'M');
```

# Adding Tuples to Relations: Example 3

```
INSERT INTO Students
  (name, phone)
VALUES(
  'Amy Doe',
  '1112223333');
```

#### Contraints in Action ...

```
Try this again,
MariaDB [db] > INSERT INTO Students
  (name, phone)
  VALUES('Amy_Doe', '1112223333');
ERROR 1062 (23000): Duplicate entry
  'Amy_Doe-1112223333' for key 'PRIMARY'
MariaDB [db] >
```

#### Contraints in Action ...

```
Try this again,
MariaDB [db] > INSERT INTO Enrollment
  (sname, sphone, cidnum)
  VALUES
  ('Amy, Smith', '2222333112', '11112');
ERROR 1452 (23000): Cannot add or update a child row:
  a foreign key constraint fails ('db'. 'Enrollment',
    CONSTRAINT 'Enrollment_ibfk 1' FOREIGN KEY
      ('sname', 'sphone')
    REFERENCES 'Students' ('name', 'phone'))
MariaDB [db]>
```

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### Deleting Tuples in Relations

To delete tuples in relations, use DELETE FROM R WHERE <condition>;

## Deleting Tuples in Relations: Example

```
DELETE FROM Students
WHERE name='Amy_Doe' AND phone='1112223333';
```

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### **Updating Tuples in Relations**

To update tuples in relations, use UPDATE R SET <new-value assignments> WHERE <condition>;

### Updating Tuples in Relations: Example

```
UPDATE Students
SET phone='2221113333'
WHERE name='Jane_Doe' AND phone='1112223333';
```

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## Assignment

Let's work on an assignment using paper and pencil/pen ...