

# Overview of Digital Components

Hui Chen <sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>CUNY Brooklyn College, Brooklyn, NY, USA

October 5, 2023

# Outline

- 1 Lesson Objectives
- 2 Overview of Digital Components
- 3 Problem-Solving
- 4 Summary and Q&A

## Acknowledgement

The content of most slides come from the authors of the textbook:

Null, Linda, & Lobur, Julia (2018). The essentials of computer organization and architecture (5th ed.). Jones & Bartlett Learning.

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# Lesson Objectives

Students are expected to be able to

1. Apply Boolean algebra and functions.
2. *Understand the relationship between Boolean logic and digital computer circuits.*
3. *Learn how to design simple logic circuits.*
4. Understand how digital circuits work together to form complex computer systems.

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# Implementing Boolean Functions

Digital circuits, i.e., combinations of gates implement Boolean functions.

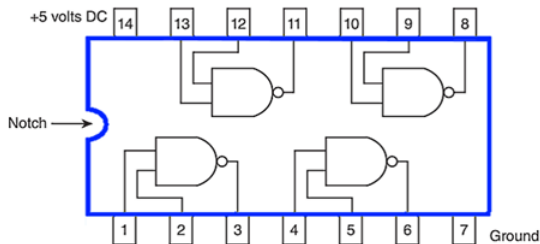
- ▶ Example: Let's implement  $F(x, y, z) = x + y'z$ :
- ▶ Use Logisim Evolution
  - ▶ Free to download at <https://github.com/logisim-evolution/logisim-evolution/tags>
- ▶ In order to create simpler circuits we simply Boolean expressions.

## Integrated Circuit Packages

- Standard digital components are combined into single integrated circuit (IC) packages, i.e., a such package (or an IC chip) can contain Implementations of multiple boolean functions.

- Example:

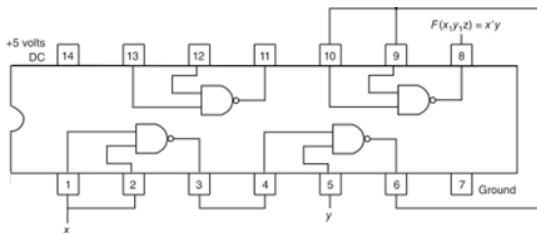
<https://www.ti.com/lit/ds/symlink/sn74ahc00.pdf?HQS=dis-mous-null-mousermode-dsf-pf-null-ww&ts=1696500927964>





# Equivalent Implementations

- ▶ A boolean function has equivalent forms.
- ▶ We can implement a Boolean function using different combinations of logic gates
- ▶ Example: Boolean function  $F(x, y) = x'y$ 
  - ▶ Using a Not gate and an AND gate
  - ▶ Using NAND gates only
- ▶ Given a Boolean function, we can wire (one or more) of the pre-packaged circuits to implement it



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# Problem-Solving via Digital Circuits

We use Boolean logic to solve practical problems.

- ▶ Expressed in terms of Boolean logic practical problems can be expressed by truth tables.
- ▶ Truth tables can be readily rendered into Boolean logic circuits.

## Problem-Solving via Digital Circuits: Example

Suppose we want to determine whether it is the best time to plant a garden. We can solve the problem via a logic circuit. How do we design such a digital circuit?

- ▶ Let's consider three factors (inputs):
  1. time, where 0 represents day and 1 represents evening;
  2. moon phase, where 0 represents not full and 1 represents full; and
  3. temperature, where 0 represents 45 deg F and below, and 1 represents over 45 deg F.
- ▶ We know that the best time to plant a garden is during the evening with a full moon.

## Example: Truth Table

Suppose we want to determine whether it is the best time to plant a garden. We can solve the problem via a logic circuit.

- ▶ How do we design such a digital circuit?
- ▶ We begin with the truth table

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Suppose we want to determine whether it is the best time to plant a garden. We can solve the problem via a logic circuit.

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- ▶ We begin with the truth table

Time ( $x$ )	Moon ( $y$ )	Temperature ( $z$ )	Plant?
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

## Example: Circuits

From the truth table, we derive the circuit:

$$F(x, y, z) = xyz' + xyz$$

Can we simplify it?

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$$F(x, y, z) = xyz' + xyz$$

Can we simplify it?

$$F(x, y, z) = xyz' + xyz = xy(z' + z) = xy1 = xy$$

What's the circuit?



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# Summary and Q&A

You are expected to be able to

1. *Understand the relationship between Boolean logic and digital computer circuits.*
2. *Learn how to design simple logic circuits.;*

Any questions on:

- ▶ Concept of logic circuits
- ▶ Problem-solving using logic circuits