

CISC 3120

C20: Some Design Patterns

Hui Chen

Department of Computer & Information Science

CUNY Brooklyn College

Outline

- Concept of design patterns
- A few creational patterns
 - Static factory
 - Abstract factory
 - Builder
- A behavioral pattern
 - Observer
- References

Design Patterns

- Design solutions to recurring problems
 - Problem: what recurring problems to solve?
 - Solution: what is the solution?
 - Context: under what conditions that the solution is intended to solve the recurring problem?

Static Factory

- A static method returns instances of the class
 - Static method belongs to class
 - There is no "this" instance of the class
 - Examples in Java API
 - `javafx.scene.paint.Color`
 - `static Color rgb(int red, int green, int blue)`

Problem, Solution, and Context

- There is a need to construct the instance of the class in many different ways
 - Wait! Would constructors solve the problem?
 - How well does overloading solve the problem?
- Static factory method
 - Example: `java.text.Collator`
 - `static Collator getInstance(Locale desiredLocale)`
- When do we create static factory method for our own classes?

Abstract Factory

- There are many subclasses that share the same set of methods
 - Wait! Would constructors solve the problem?
 - You have to rely on concrete subclasses, how well do their constructors help you solve the problem?
- Factory interface (Java 8) or abstract Factory class
 - Example: (In the JavaFXDrawingBoard app)
`javafx.scene.control.SpinnerValueFactory<T>`
- When do we create factory interface or abstract factory method for our own classes?

Builder

- Objects of a classes can be constructed in extremely many different ways
 - Wait! Can we use constructors, static factory method, abstract factory class?
- Solution
 - Builder builds an object step by step, with initialization parameter
 - Example:
 - (In CmdLineArgsDemo app) `org.apache.commons.cli.Options`
 - `Options addOption(...)`
 - (In LinkNetInterfaceExplorer) `java.lang.StringBuilder`
 - `StringBuilder append(...)`
- When do we create factory interface or abstract factory method for our own classes?

Observer

- One depends on many other classes
 - In MVC, when model changes, view also needs to change.
- Solution
 - An observable object can have one or more observers, and observers can be notified the changes the observable object
 - Commonly used in the User Interface design
- When do we create factory interface or abstract factory method for our own classes?

Example: Using Java Observable Class

- Java provides `java.util.Observable`
- See `ObservableDemo` in the "designpattern" directory of the "samplerepository" repository

Example: Using JavaFX Beans

- Package `javafx.beans` and `javafx.beans.property`
- A few example programs
 - `SimpleEditor`
 - `TcpMessenger`

Additional Reading

- Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson, and John Vlissides. 1995. *Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software*. Addison-Wesley Longman Publishing Co., Inc., Boston, MA, USA.
- Reading assignments at the class website

Questions?

- Discussed a few design patterns
 - Static factory
 - Abstract factory
 - Builder
 - Observer
- A few classes and interfaces
 - Timer, TimerTask, Runnable, Observable, JavaFX Property