

CISC 3120

# C05: Flow Controls

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# Outline

- Recap and issues
  - Selections & iterations
  - Assignments
- Flow controls in Java
  - More on selection & iterations
  - Break, continue, and return
- Assignments

# Reminder

- Conversion day
  - We have a class on Tuesday, September 19
- Q: what do we do on Thursday?

# Recap: Questions?

- I have multiple Java classes, which one should I run?
- How do I use your sample program? How do I open your Eclipse project?
- What do you require to organize my weekly practice repository?

# Recap: Selections & Iterations

- Selections
  - if-then statement
  - if-then-else statement
- Iterations
  - while statement
  - for statement
  - enhanced for statement

# Boolean Expression

- An expression evaluates to either true or false
  - true and false are Java keywords
  - How about these statements?
    - `while (true);`
    - `while (false);`
  - More in "LearnJava" in the "sampleprograms" repo

# Relational Operators

- $<$ ,  $\leq$ ,  $>$ ,  $\geq$ ,  $==$ ,  $\neq$
- Where you can use them depending on data types
  - Is it meaningful to say “less than” or “greater than”) for the data type?

# Testing Object Equivalence

- Relational operators "==" and "!=" work for objects

```
Integer n1 = new Integer(3120);
```

```
Integer n2 = new Integer(3120);
```

```
System.out.println(n1 == n2);
```

```
System.out.println(n1 != n2);
```

```
System.out.println(n1.equals(n2));
```

- More in "LearnJava" in the "sampleprograms" repo



# How about String Objects?

- Compare the following two cases

```
String s1 = new String("CISC 3120");  
String s2 = new String("CISC 3120");  
System.out.println(s1 == s2);  
System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));
```

```
String s1 = "CISC 3120";  
String s2 = "CISC 3120";  
System.out.println(s1 == s2);  
System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));
```

# More Examples on Strings

- Compare these two:

```
String s1 = "CISC 3120";  
String s2 = "CISC 3120";  
System.out.println(s1 == s2);  
System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));
```

```
// string literals allocated in run-time constant pool  
String s1 = "CISC 3120";  
String s2 = s1;  
System.out.println(s1 == s2);  
System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));
```

# Conditional Operators

- Three operators that produce a Boolean value
  - AND (&&)
  - OR (||)
  - NOT (!)
- Do NOT confuse them with
  - Bitwise AND (&)
  - Bitwise OR (|)
  - Bitwise NOT (~)
  - Bitwise XOR (^)

# Short-Circuiting

- JVM ceases to evaluate further once a truth or a falsehood value is unambiguously determined.

# Examples for Conditional Operators

- See "LearnJava" in the "sampleprograms" repo

# Switch Statement

- Form

```
switch(integral-selector) {  
    case integral-value1 : statement; break;  
    case integral-value2 : statement; break;  
    case integral-value3 : statement; break;  
    case integral-value4 : statement; break;  
    case integral-value5 : statement; break;  
    // ...  
    default: statement;  
}
```

# Example for Switch Statement

- See "LearnJava" in the "sampleprograms" repo

# Iterations

- while statement
- for statement
- enhanced for statement
- do-while statement
- Examples
  - See "LearnJava" in the "sampleprograms" repo



# Break Statement

- Recall the switch statement
- Can I use it in a loop?
- See "LearnJava" in the "sampleprograms" repo

# Continue Statement

- See "LearnJava" in the "sampleprograms" repo

# Return Statement

- See "LearnJava" in the "sampleprograms" repo

# The Simple Dotcom Game

- The SimpleDotCom project in the "sampleprograms" repo
- Coding Style:
  - How do I name the package names now?

# Question

- More discussions on
  - Selection & iterations
- Discussion on the break, continue, and return statements.

# Assignments

- Practice examples to be posted at the class website
  - Practice assignments due one week from assignment date (if Thursday, due next Thursday; if Tuesday, due next Tuesday)
- CodeLab assignments
  - Deadline set for the first batch
- Upcoming: project 1