# CISC 3115 EWQ6 "this" Object and Immutable Class/Object

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#### Outline

- The this reference variable
- Immutable class and object

## The this Keyword

- The this keyword is the name of a reference that refers to an object itself.
- Common use
  - To reference a class's hidden data fields.
  - To enable a constructor to invoke another constructor of the same class.

## Using this

```
public class F {
  private int i = 5;
  private static double k = 0;
  void setI(int i) {
    this.i = i;
  }
  static void setK(double k) {
    F.k = k;
  }
}
```

```
Suppose that f1 and f2 are two objects of F.
F f1 = new F(); F f2 = new F();
Invoking f1.setI(10) is to execute
   this.i = 10, where this refers f1
Invoking f2.setI(45) is to execute
   this.i = 45, where this refers f2
```

#### **Calling Overloaded Constructor**

public class Circle { private double radius;

public Circle(double radius) { this.radius = radius; }  $\mathbf{x}$  this must be explicitly used to reference the data field radius of the object being constructed public Circle() { this(1.0); } this is used to invoke another constructor public double getArea() { return this.radius \* this.radius \* Math.PI; Every instance variable belongs to an instance represented by this, which is normally omitted CUNY | Brooklyn College 9/7/2022

#### Questions?

- What is the "this" reference variable
- What are the two common usage?

## Immutable Objects and Classes

 The content of an object cannot be changed once the object is created

# Immutable Objects and Classes: Example

- The content of objects of the following Circle class cannot be changed
  - Why?

```
public class Circle {
```

```
private radius = 1.0;
```

```
public Circle() {
```

}

```
private double getArea() {
```

```
return radius * radius * Math.PI;
```

}

#### **Mutators**

- Mutators: methods that changes the value of data fields
- A class with all private data fields and without mutators is <u>not necessarily</u> immutable.
  - A data field can be a reference variable whose content can be changed with the reference

#### No Mutator, but Immutable: Example

```
import java.util.Date;
public class Student {
 private int id;
 private String name;
 private Date dateCreated;
 public Student(int ssn, STring newName) {
  id = ssn;
  name = newName;
  dateCreated = new Date();
 }
 public int getId() {
  return id;
 }
```

public String getName() {
return name;
}
<pre>public Date getDateCreated() {</pre>
return dateCreated;
}
}
<pre>public static void main(String[] args) {</pre>
Student s = new Student(123, "John");
Date d = s.getDateCreated();
d.setTime(200000);
}

## What Class is Immutable?

- These conditions must hold
  - mark all data fields private
  - provide no mutator methods
  - no accessor methods that would return a reference to a mutable data field object.

#### Questions?

- Concept of immutable classes and objects
- Concept of mutators
- Condition under which a class or a object is immutable