# CISC 3115 EWQ6 Throwing and Rethrowing Exceptions

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#### Outline

- Discussed
  - Approaches to handle errors (what-if and exceptions)
  - Concept of Exception
  - The Java throwable class hierarchy
    - system errors, runtime exceptions, checked errors, unchecked errors
  - Methods of declaring, throwing, and catching exception
- To discuss methods of
  - Rethrowing exceptions

#### Throwing Checked Exceptions

- When a method encounters a checked exception, the checked exception must be
  - declared to be thrown when declaring the method, or
  - be caught and handled.

# Declaring a Checked Exception to be Thrown

- IOException is a checked exception (how do we known?)
- Example: p2 throws an IOException, a checked exception

```
void p2() throws IOException {
  if (a file does not exist) {
    // e.g., using Files.exists(...)
    throw new IOException("File does not exist");
  }
  ...
}
```

### Caller p1() Must ...

- p2 throws an IOException, a checked exception
- p1 must catch it or throw it in its declaration.

```
void p1() {
  try {
     p2();
  }
  catch (IOException ex) {
     ...
  }
}
```

```
void p1() throws IOException {
  p2();
}
```

(b)

### Questions

Throwing checked exceptions

#### What if we want ...

- p2 throws an IOException, a checked exception
- p1 must catch it or throw it in its declaration.

```
void p1() {
  try {
    p2();
  }
  catch (IOException ex) {

    // do something and let
    // the caller to do something
    // else...
}
```

```
void p1() throws IOException {
  p2();
}
```

## **Rethrowing Exception**

```
try {
 statements;
catch(TheException ex) {
 perform operations before exits
      (e.g., undo what has been done here);
 throw ex;
```

#### Questions?

- How to rethrow exceptions
- How to rethrow checked exceptions