

# Overloading Methods

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# Objectives

- To use method overloading and understand ambiguous invocation (§6.8).

# Outline

- Discussed
  - Defining and invoking value-returning methods
  - Defining and invoking void methods
  - Parameter passing and passing by value
  - Pitfalls and errors
  - Using method to modularize several example problems (including converting hexadecimal to decimal)
- To discuss
  - Method overload
  - Ambiguous method invocation

# Overloading Methods

- We can write multiple methods with the same name but different parameter list

# Method Overloading Example

- Overloading the `max` Method
  - The `max` method we implement is to find the maximum between two integers.
  - How about we want a method to find the maximum between two double values?

# Overload the max method

```
public static double max(double  
    num1, double num2) {  
    if (num1 > num2)  
        return num1;  
    else  
        return num2;  
}
```

# Questions?

# Ambiguous Invocation

- Sometimes there may be two or more possible matches for an invocation of a method, but the compiler cannot determine the most specific match.
- This is referred to as *ambiguous invocation*. Ambiguous invocation is a compile error.
- Can you think of an example?



# Example of Ambiguous Invocation

```
public class AmbiguousInvocation {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        System.out.println(max(1, 2));
    }

    public static double max(int num1, double num2) {
        if (num1 > num2)
            return num1;
        else
            return num2;
    }

    public static double max(double num1, int num2) {
        if (num1 > num2)
            return num1;
        else
            return num2;
    }
}
```

How do we fix  
the problem?

# Questions