## The Math Class and

# Mathematical Functions 

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## Objectives

- To solve mathematics problems by using the methods in the Math class (§4.2).


## Outline

- Constants and methods in the Math class
- Constants
- Trigonometric Methods
- Exponent Methods
- Rounding Methods
- min, max, abs, and random Methods
- Example programming problem


## Mathematical Functions

- Math class defines
- methods for performing common mathematical functions.
- mathematical constants


## The Math Class

- Constants:
- PI
- E
- Methods (static/class methods):
- Trigonometric Methods
- Exponent Methods
- Rounding Methods
- min, max, abs, and random Methods


## Trigonometric Methods

- toDegrees(double radian)
- toRadians(double degrees)
- sin(double a)
- cos(double a)
- tan(double a)
- acos(double a)
- asin(double a)
- atan(double a)


## Exponent Methods

- $\exp (d o u b l e ~ a)$
- Returns e raised to the power of a.
- $\log$ (double a)
- Returns the natural logarithm of a.
- $\log 10($ double a)
- Returns the 10-based logarithm of a.
- pow(double a, double b)
- Returns a raised to the power of $b$.
- sqrt(double a)
- Returns the square root of a.


## Rounding Methods

- double ceil(double x)
- x rounded up to its nearest integer. This integer is returned as a double value.
- double floor(double $x$ )
- x is rounded down to its nearest integer. This integer is returned as a double value.
- double rint(double $x$ )
- $x$ is rounded to its nearest integer. If $x$ is equally close to two integers, the even one is returned as a double.
- int round(float $x$ )
- Return (int)Math.floor(x+0.5).
- long round(double x)
- Return (long)Math.floor(x+0.5).


## min, max, abs

- max(a, b)and min(a, b)
- Returns the maximum or minimum of two parameters.
- abs(a)
- Returns the absolute value of the parameter.
- random()
- Returns a random double value in the range [0.0, 1.0).


## The random Method

- Generates a random double value greater than or equal to 0.0 and less than 1.0 ( 0 <= Math.random()
$\leq 1.0$ )
- Have we use it before?


## More Examples of the Random

 Method

## Problem. Computing Angles of a

## Triangle

- Write a program that prompts the user to enter the $x$ - and $y$-coordinates of the three corner points in a triangle and then displays the triangle's angles.

$A=\operatorname{acos}((a * a-b * b-c * c) /(-2 * b * c))$
$B=\operatorname{acos}((b * b-a * a-c * c) /(-2 * a * c))$
$C=\operatorname{acos}((c * c-b * b-a * a) /(-2 * a * b))$


## Questions?

